

FILED

June 15, 2026

6:24AM

**U.S. EPA REGION 7
HEARING CLERK**

**U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 7
11201 RENNER BOULEVARD
LENEXA, KANSAS 66219**

BEFORE THE ADMINISTRATOR

In the Matter of:

Service Plus Lawn & Tree Care, Inc. dba
Yellow Van Cleaning and Restoration,

Respondent

Docket No. TSCA-07-2026-0196

CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER

Preliminary Statement

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 (“EPA” or “Complainant”), and Service Plus Lawn & Tree Care, Inc. dba Yellow Van Cleaning and Restoration (“Respondent”) have agreed to a settlement of this action before the filing of a complaint, and thus this action is simultaneously commenced and concluded pursuant to Rules 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2).

Jurisdiction

1. This proceeding is an administrative action for the assessment of civil penalties initiated pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (“TSCA”), 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a).

Parties

2. Complainant is the Director of the Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division, Region 7, as duly delegated by the Administrator of EPA.

3. Respondent is Service Plus Lawn & Tree Care, Inc., dba Yellow Van Cleaning and Restoration, a corporation doing business in the state of Nebraska.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

4. Congress passed the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (the “Act”), 42 U.S.C. §§ 4851 to 4856, to address the need to control exposure to lead-based paint hazards. One of the stated purposes of the Act is to implement a broad program to reduce lead-based paint hazards in the Nation’s housing stock. 42 U.S.C. § 4851a(2). The Act amended TSCA by adding *Title IV—Lead Exposure Reduction*, Sections 401 to 412, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2681 to 2692.

5. Section 402 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations governing the training and certification of individuals and contractors engaged in lead-based paint activities, including renovation of target housing. Section 406 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2686, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations requiring persons who perform for compensation a renovation of target housing to provide a lead hazard information pamphlet to the owner and occupant prior to commencing the renovation. Section 407 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2687, requires that the regulations promulgated pursuant to TSCA include recordkeeping and reporting requirements to insure effective implementation.

6. Pursuant to Section 402(a) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682(a), the EPA promulgated regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart L, *Lead Based Paint Activities*. See Lead; Requirements for Lead-Based Paint Activities in Target Housing and Child-Occupied Facilities, 61 Fed. Reg. 45778, 45813 (Aug. 29, 1996). Pursuant to Section 406(b) and Section 407 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2686(b) and 2687, the EPA promulgated regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Residential Property Renovation*. See Lead; Requirements for Hazard Education Before Renovation of Target Housing, 63 Fed. Reg. 29908, 29919 (June 1, 1998). Finally, pursuant to Section 402(c)(3) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682(c)(3), the EPA amended and re-codified regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subparts E and L, and added additional regulations at 40 C.F.R. Subpart L (“Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule”). See Lead; Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program, 73 Fed. Reg. 21692, 21758 (Mar. 31, 2008).

7. The regulations set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Residential Property Renovation*, including the Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule, require that owners and occupants of target housing and child-occupied facilities receive information on lead-based paint hazards before renovations begin, establish work practice standards for renovations that disturb painted surfaces in target housing and child-occupied facilities and requires that firms and individuals performing, offering, or claiming to perform such renovations are properly trained and obtain EPA certification.

8. The requirements set forth in the regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Residential Property Renovation*, apply to all renovations performed for compensation in target housing and child-occupied facilities, unless otherwise excluded as set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 745.82.

9. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 defines “renovation” as the modification of any existing structure, or portion thereof, that results in the disturbance of painted surfaces, unless that activity is performed as part of an abatement as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 745.223. The term renovation includes, but is not limited to, the removal, modification, or repair of painted surfaces or painted components (e.g., modification of painted doors, surface restoration, window repair, surface preparation activity (such as sanding, scraping, or other such activities that may generate paint dust)); the removal of building components (e.g., walls, ceilings, plumbing, windows); weatherization projects (e.g., cutting holes in painted surfaces to install blown-in insulation or to gain access to attics, planing thresholds to install weather stripping); and interim controls that disturb painted surfaces.

10. Section 401(17) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2681(17), defines “target housing” as any housing constructed prior to 1978, except housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities or any zero-bedroom dwelling (unless any child who is less than six years of age resides or is expected to reside in such housing).

11. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 defines “firm” as a company, partnership, corporation, sole proprietorship or individual doing business, association, or other business entity; a Federal, State, Tribal, or local government agency; or a nonprofit organization.

12. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 defines “person” as any natural or judicial person including any individual, corporation, partnership, or association; any Indian Tribe, State, or political subdivision thereof; any interstate body; and any department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

13. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 defines “child-occupied facility” as a building, or portion of a building, constructed prior to 1978, visited regularly by the same child, under 6 years of age, on at least two different days within any week (Sunday through Saturday period), provided that each day’s visit lasts at least 3 hours and the combined weekly visits last at least 6 hours, and the combined annual visits last at least 60 hours. Child-occupied facilities may include, but are not limited to, day care centers, preschools and kindergarten classrooms.

14. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(a) provides that failure or refusal to comply with any provision of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689. Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with, *inter alia*, any provision of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E.

15. Section 16(a) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a), as amended, and 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(d), authorize a civil penalty of not more than \$37,500 per day for violations of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689. The Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, 28 U.S.C. § 2461, and implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, increased these statutory maximum penalties to \$49,772 for violations that occur after November 2, 2015, and for which penalties are assessed on or after January 8, 2025.

General Factual Allegations

16. On or about June 9, 2025, and pursuant to Section 11 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2610, representatives of the EPA conducted an inspection at 206 East 6th Street in Kearney, Nebraska to evaluate Respondent’s compliance with TSCA and the requirements of the Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (“EPA inspection”). A copy of the inspection report was mailed to Respondent on July 29, 2025.

17. Respondent is, and at all times referred to herein was, a corporation doing business in the state of Nebraska under the registered fictitious name Yellow Van Cleaning and Restoration.

18. Respondent, at all times referred to herein, was a “person” and “firm” as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 745.83.

19. At the time of the EPA inspection, and at all times relevant to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, Respondent was engaged in “renovations” as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 745.83.

20. At all times relevant to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, Respondent’s renovations were “renovations for compensation” per 40 C.F.R. § 745.82(a).

21. At all times relevant to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, the following properties (“Properties”) were “target housing” as defined by Section 401(17) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2681(17):

- (a) 158 Lynn Lane, Grand Island, Nebraska. This property was constructed in 1972.
- (b) 809 West 15th Street, Lexington, Nebraska. This property was constructed in 1975.

22. At all times relevant to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, the following property (“Properties”) was a “child-occupied facility” as defined by section 40 C.F.R. § 745.83:

- (a) 2103 West Anna Street, Grand Island, Nebraska. This property was constructed in 1900.

23. At all times relevant to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, the Properties were owned by a party other than Respondent.

- (a) 158 Lynn Lane, Grand Island, Nebraska, was occupied during the renovation and all occupants were over the age of 18.
- (b) 809 West 15th Street, Lexington, Nebraska was occupied during the renovation and children ranging in ages between 13 and 17 resided at the property.
- (c) 2103 West Anna Street, Grand Island, Nebraska was occupied during the renovation and children ranging in ages between 3 and 5 visited the child-occupied facility.

24. As a result of the EPA inspection and additional information obtained by the agency, Complainant has determined that violations of the Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule, 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, and Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, occurred as a result of Respondent’s renovation activities at the Properties.

Allegations of Violation

25. Complainant hereby states and alleges that Respondent has violated TSCA and federal regulations promulgated thereunder as follows:

Counts 1-3

26. The facts stated in Paragraphs 16 through 24 above are herein incorporated.

27. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(d)(2), firms performing renovations must ensure that a certified renovator is assigned to each renovation performed by the firm and discharges all the certified renovator responsibilities identified in 40 C.F.R. § 745.90.

28. The EPA inspection revealed that Respondent failed to assign a certified renovator to the renovations performed at the Properties.

29. Respondent's failure to assign a certified renovator to the renovation at the Properties is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(d)(2). Respondent, therefore, violated Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689.

Counts 4-6

30. The facts stated in Paragraphs 16 through 24 above are herein incorporated.

31. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.86(a), firms performing renovations must retain, and, if requested, make available to EPA all records necessary to demonstrate compliance with the Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule for a period of 3 years following completion of the renovation.

32. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.86(b)(6), records must be retained for inspection documenting compliance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85, including documentation that a certified renovator was assigned to the project, that the certified renovator provided on-the-job training for all workers used on the project, that the certified renovator performed or directed workers who performed all of the tasks described in 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a), and that the certified renovator performed the post-renovation cleaning verification described in 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(b). If the renovation firm was unable to comply with all of the requirements of the Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule due to an emergency as defined in 40 C.F.R. [§ 745.82](#), the firm must document the nature of the emergency and the provisions of the rule that were not followed.

33. The EPA inspection revealed that Respondent failed to prepare and retain records as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 745.86(a) and 745.86(b)(6).

34. Respondent's failure to prepare and retain records is a violation of 40 C.F.R. §§ 745.86(a) and 745.86(b)(6). Respondent, therefore, violated Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689.

Count 7

35. The facts stated in Paragraphs 16 through 24 above are herein incorporated.

36. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.84(c)(2), no more than sixty (60) days before beginning renovation activities in any child-occupied facility, the firm performing the renovation must provide the parents and guardians of children using the child-occupied facility with the pamphlet titled *Renovate Right: Important Lead Hazard Information for Families, Child Care Providers and Schools*, information describing the general nature and locations of the renovation and the anticipated completion date, and information on how interested parents or guardians of children frequenting the child-occupied facility can review a copy of the records required by 40 C.F.R. § 745.86(c) and (d) or obtain a copy from the renovation firm at no cost to the occupants.

37. The EPA inspection revealed that Respondent failed to provide the pamphlet to the parents or guardians of children using the child-occupied facility.

38. Respondent's failure to provide the pamphlet to the parents or guardians of children using the child-occupied facility is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.84(c)(2). Respondent, therefore, violated Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689.

CONSENT AGREEMENT

39. For the purpose of this proceeding, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2), Respondent:

- (a) admits the jurisdictional allegations set forth herein;
- (b) neither admits nor denies the specific factual allegations stated herein;
- (c) consents to the assessment of a civil penalty, as stated herein;
- (d) consents to the issuance of any specified compliance or corrective action order;
- (e) consents to any conditions specified herein;
- (f) consents to any stated Permit Action;
- (g) waives any right to contest the allegations set forth herein; and
- (h) waives its rights to appeal the Final Order accompanying this Consent Agreement.

40. By signing this consent agreement, Respondent waives any rights or defenses that Respondent has or may have for this matter to be resolved in federal court, including but not limited to any right to a jury trial, and waives any right to challenge the lawfulness of the final order accompanying the consent agreement.

41. Respondent consents to the issuance of this Consent Agreement and Final Order and consents for the purposes of settlement to the payment of the civil penalty specified herein.

42. Respondent and EPA agree to conciliate this matter without the necessity of a formal hearing and to bear their respective costs and attorneys' fees.

Penalty Payment

43. Respondent agrees that, in settlement of the claims alleged herein, Respondent shall pay a civil penalty of fifty-eight thousand six hundred and one dollars (\$58,601), as set forth below.

44. Respondent shall pay the penalty within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the Final Order. Such payment shall identify Respondent by name and docket number and shall be made using any payment method provided at <http://www.epa.gov/financial/makepayment>. For instructions for wire transfers and additional information, see <https://www.epa.gov/financial/additional-instructions-making-payments-epa>.

45. A copy of the confirmation of payment shall simultaneously be sent to the following:

Regional Hearing Clerk
R7_Hearing_Clerk_Filings@epa.gov; and

Isabela Solorio, Attorney
solorio.isabela@epa.gov

46. Respondent understands that its failure to timely pay any portion of the civil penalty may result in the commencement of a civil action in Federal District Court to recover the full remaining balance, along with penalties and accumulated interest. In such case, interest shall begin to accrue on a civil or stipulated penalty from the date of delinquency until such civil or stipulated penalty and any accrued interest are paid in full. 31 C.F.R. § 901.9. Interest will be assessed at a rate of the United States Treasury Tax and loan rates in accordance with 31 U.S.C. § 3717. Additionally, a charge will be assessed to cover the costs of debt collection including processing and handling costs, and a non-payment penalty charge of six (6) percent per year compounded annually will be assessed on any portion of the debt which remains delinquent more than ninety (90) days after payment is due. 31 U.S.C. § 3717(e)(2).

47. Pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 6050X and 26 C.F.R. § 1.6050X-1, EPA is required to send to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") annually, a completed IRS Form 1098-F ("Fines, Penalties, and Other Amounts") with respect to any court order or settlement agreement (including administrative settlements) that require a payor to pay an aggregate amount that EPA reasonably believes will be equal to, or in excess of, \$50,000 for the payor's violation of any law or the investigation or inquiry into the payor's potential violation of any law, including amounts paid for "restitution or remediation of property" or to come "into compliance with a law." EPA is further required to furnish a written statement, which provides the same information provided to the IRS, to each payor (i.e., a copy of IRS Form 1098-F). Failure to comply with providing IRS Form W-9 or Tax Identification Number ("TIN"), as described below, may subject Respondent

to a penalty, per 26 U.S.C. § 6723, 26 U.S.C. § 6724(d)(3), and 26 C.F.R. § 301.6723-1. To provide EPA with sufficient information to enable it to fulfill these obligations, EPA herein requires, and Respondent herein agrees, that:

- (a) Respondent shall complete an IRS Form W-9 (“Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification”), which is available at <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw9.pdf>;
- (b) Respondent shall certify that its completed IRS Form W-9 includes Respondent’s correct TIN or that Respondent has applied and is waiting for issuance of a TIN;
- (c) Respondent shall email its completed Form W-9 to EPA’s Cincinnati Finance Center at sherrer.dana@epa.gov within 30 days after the Final Order ratifying this Agreement is filed, and EPA recommends encrypting IRS Form W-9 email correspondence; and
- (d) In the event that Respondent has certified in its completed IRS Form W-9 that it does not yet have a TIN but has applied for a TIN, Respondent shall provide EPA’s Cincinnati Finance Division with Respondent’s TIN, via email, within five (5) days of Respondent’s receipt of a TIN issued by the IRS.

Effect of Settlement and Reservation of Rights

48. Full payment of the penalty proposed in this Consent Agreement shall only resolve Respondent’s liability for federal civil penalties for the violations alleged herein. Complainant reserves the right to take any enforcement action with respect to any other violations of TSCA or any other applicable law.

49. The effect of settlement described in the immediately preceding paragraph is conditioned upon the accuracy of Respondent’s representations to the EPA, as memorialized in paragraph directly below.

50. Respondent certifies by the signing of this Consent Agreement that, to the best of its knowledge and belief after reasonable inquiry, it is presently in compliance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E (Residential Property Renovation) and other applicable provisions of TSCA and its implementing regulations relevant to Respondent’s renovation activities.

51. Full payment of the penalty proposed in this Consent Agreement shall not in any case affect the right of the Agency or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violations of law. This Consent Agreement and Final Order does not waive, extinguish or otherwise affect Respondent’s obligation to comply with all applicable provisions of TSCA and regulations promulgated thereunder.

52. Complainant reserves the right to enforce the terms and conditions of this Consent Agreement and Final Order.

53. This Consent Agreement and Final Order constitutes a “prior such violation” as that term is used in EPA’s Interim Final Consolidated Enforcement Response and Penalty Policy for the Pre-Renovation Education Rule; Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule; and Lead-Based Paint Activities Rule to determine Respondent’s “history of prior such violations” under Section 16(a)(2)(B) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a)(2)(B).

General Provisions

54. By signing this Consent Agreement, the undersigned representative of Respondent certifies that they are fully authorized to execute and enter into the terms and conditions of this Consent Agreement and has the legal capacity to bind the party they represent to this Consent Agreement.

55. This Consent Agreement shall not dispose of the proceeding without a final order from the Regional Judicial Officer or Regional Administrator ratifying the terms of this Consent Agreement. This Consent Agreement and Final Order shall be effective upon the filing of the Final Order by the Regional Hearing Clerk for EPA, Region 7. Unless otherwise stated, all time periods stated herein shall be calculated in calendar days from such date.

56. The penalty specified herein shall represent civil penalties assessed by EPA and shall not be deductible for purposes of Federal, State and local taxes.

57. This Consent Agreement and Final Order shall apply to and be binding upon Respondent and Respondent’s agents, successors and/or assigns. Respondent shall ensure that all contractors, employees, consultants, firms, or other persons or entities acting for Respondent with respect to matters included herein comply with the terms of this Consent Agreement and Final Order.

58. Respondent consents to electronic service of the filed Consent Agreement and Final Order to the following email address: dave@yellowvan.com. Respondent understands that the Consent Agreement and Final Order will become publicly available upon filing.

RESPONDENT

Service Plus Lawn & Tree Care, Inc. dba Yellow Van Cleaning and Restoration

Date: 6-1-26

By: David L. Keiter

DAVID L. Keiter
Print Name

President
Title

COMPLAINANT
U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Date: _____

Alyse Stoy
Acting Director
Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division

Date: _____

Isabela Solorio
Office of Regional Counsel

FINAL ORDER

Pursuant to Section 16(a) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a), and the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. Part 22, the foregoing Consent Agreement resolving this matter is hereby ratified and incorporated by reference into this Final Order.

Respondent is ORDERED to comply with all of the terms of the Consent Agreement. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.31(b), the effective date of the foregoing Consent Agreement and this Final Order is the date on which this Final Order is filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Karina Borromeo
Regional Judicial Officer

Date

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Consent Agreement and Final Order was sent this day in the following manner to the addressees:

Copy via Email to Complainant:

Isabela Solorio
Office of Regional Counsel
solorio.isabela@epa.gov

Cassie Mance
Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division
mance.cassandra@epa.gov

Carrie Venerable | New Horizon
Office of Regional Counsel
venerable.carrie@epa.gov

Copy via Email to Respondent:

Dave Keiter
President, Service Plus Lawn & Tree Care, Inc. dba Yellow Van Cleaning and
Restoration
206 East 6th Street
Kearney, Nebraska 68847
dave@yellowvan.com

Dated this _____ day of _____, _____.

Signed